

WEATHER
Fair Friday

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

"This paper is different from other newspapers, and I think the odds are in favor of those who read it to be different."

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NEVADA SENATE NOT LIKELY TO PASS JAP BILL

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Senator Nixon today received replies from telegrams sent yesterday to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of the Nevada legislature. From the tenor of the senate reply, Nixon feels confident that the resolution passed by the Nevada house, urging the California legislature to pass the anti-Japanese legislation will not be passed by the senate. He believes it will be smothered in the committee or that all of the matter likely to offend the Japanese government will be stricken out.

Senator Newlands as a result of an interview with the president, sent Governor Dickerson of Nevada, a letter offering a suggestion of plan of action regarding the Japanese question. Newlands states that the only way to prevent the influx of Japanese or other orientals, is either by an international treaty or by a national law regulating, restricting and preventing immigration.

"In my judgment," says the senator, "international negotiations and a treaty is a very unsatisfactory method. It requires of nations with which we have treaty relations to prevent its own people from going where they will, a restriction which we would never in any treaty apply to our own people."

"There is but one consistent position to assume," the letter continues, "and that is to regulate the whole question to domestic legislation in each country, for a restriction or a prevention of immigration as it seems fit. The time has come when the United States as a matter of self protection and self preservation must declare by a statutory enactment that it will not tolerate any further race complications. Our country should, by law to take effect after the expiration of the existing trouble, prevent the immigration into this country of all peoples other than those of the white race, except under restricted conditions relating to international commerce, travel and education."

DECISION IS DELAYED

IN RACETRACK CASE

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 3.—The announcement of the court's decision was postponed again today in the case of Jack Sheehan, charged with violating the Locke anti-racing law. This was because Judge Edgington was unable to open court on account of illness in his family.

WARRANTS ISSUED FOR

ARREST OF BANKERS

(By Associated Press.)

EVERETT (Wash.), Feb. 4.—Warrants for the arrest of officers of the Scandia bank, which closed its doors some time ago, have been issued. They are accused of accepting a deposit when they knew the bank was insolvent.

Body Blow Is Administered To Race Track

(By Associated Press.)

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 4.—Racing in the state of California, received a vital blow when the senate today by a vote of thirty-three to seven passed the Walker-Otis anti-race track gambling bill, which prohibits pool selling, bookmaking or gambling on horse races. The bill having already passed the assembly will go to the governor for his signature, after which it becomes a law. The governor has signified his intention to

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT GREATLY INCENSED AT JAPANESE LEGISLATION

providing for the segregation in separate schools of Japanese children.

(By Associated Press.)
SACRAMENTO, Feb. 4.—Governor Gillett this afternoon received the following telegram from President Roosevelt:

"Washington, D. C., Feb. 4, 1909.
"J. N. Gillett, Governor of California:

"Your kind letter just received. What is the rumor that the California legislature has passed a bill excluding Japanese children from the public schools? This is the most offensive bill of all, and in my judgment clearly unconstitutional, and we should at once have a test of it in the courts. Can it be stopped in the legislature or by veto?"

(Signed) Theodore Roosevelt.
Governor Gillett immediately wired a reply to the president and asked for an immediate answer. He refuses to discuss the nature of the message to Washington, but will make all correspondence by wire public upon receipt of the president's next telegram, if possible.

grades and in daily association with white children of tender years.

(By Associated Press.)
SACRAMENTO, Feb. 4.—With the defeat in the lower house today of the two anti-Japanese measures, followed by the unexpected passage of a third bill segregating Japanese school children in separate schools along with the Chinese, Koreans and other Asiatics, is regarded as the most offensive measure of all. President Roosevelt has again taken a hand in the anti-Japanese legislation in the state legislature which for the past week has drawn international attention to California. Hardly had the bill been past by the assembly before the governor received the above message from President Roosevelt.

The bill passed today was one of the three anti-Japanese measures introduced by Assemblyman Grove L. Johnson, and places the Japanese in the same classification with other Asiatics and inserts the word "Japanese" in the present state statute

changed his vote from aye to no in order that he might give the notice of reconsideration.

arate schools of "Mongolian" children.

By this action, the lower house of the California legislature has taken the step which the board of education of San Francisco intended to take two years ago, but which was abandoned after the board and former Mayor Schmitz were called to Washington and had several conferences with President Roosevelt. At that time the Japanese contended that they were not "Mongolians" and resented the efforts to place them in the same class with Chinese, Koreans and other Asiatic races. Upon the return from Washington the San Francisco school board at that time contended itself with the adoption of a rule limiting the age of pupils that would be permitted to attend the lower grades of the public schools, one of the principal objections to the Japanese being that adults were attending the primary

Immediately upon learning of the assembly's action, Governor Gillett called into consultation Speaker Stanton, and the Republican leaders of both houses of the legislature. The latter expressed hope of still being able to defeat the measure in the assembly upon reconsideration, and it was with this fact in view that Assemblyman Leeds of Los Angeles, after roll call changed his vote from no to yes, and gave notice that tomorrow he will move to reconsider the vote of forty-six to twenty-eight, by which the bill was passed. It will require forty-one votes to carry the Leeds motion. The assembly debated all day on three anti-Japanese bills. The first one taken, preventing aliens from being members of boards of directors, was beaten easily by fifty-four to fifteen. The next providing a segregation in residential districts of all undesirable aliens resulted in a tie vote of thirty-seven to thirty-seven, the measure being defeated by four votes short of a majority. Johnson, its author,

WAR MATERIAL BEING SHIPPED TO PHILIPPINES

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—The close of the present week will see an unusual amount of war material and supplies shipped from this port to the Philippines and Hawaiian islands, which fact, taken in connection with the arrival of the naval transport Buffalo, from Honolulu today, painted a leaden gray, the fighting garb of the American navy, and the unexpected return of the torpedo flotilla from the south, is causing some local comment.

Tomorrow the bark Mohican will clear for Honolulu, carrying two great disappearing guns destined to form a part of the defenses of Pearl harbor, the site of the new naval station in the Hawaiian islands. On Saturday the steamer Asia sails for Manila and oriental ports carrying a 3500-ton cargo, of which 2000 tons consist of army and navy stores for the Philippines. Included in the shipment are 260 submarine mines for use in Subig bay, the entrance to Manila harbor, and 2500 cases of small arms ammunition.

The army transport Sheridan sails for Honolulu and Manila tomorrow with 3000 tons of general supplies for troops in the islands. Word has been received that upon the return of the Pacific fleet to Magdalena bay from South America, where they have been cruising, the vessels will be painted leaden gray. While admitting there is unusual activity at present in the Pacific coast naval circles, the officers of the navy profess themselves as unable to explain it.

MEXICAN TROOPS IN BATTLE WITH INDIANS

(By Associated Press.)

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 4.—Reports have been received here of a fight between a force of Mexican soldiers and a band of Indians between Santa Cruz and San Isidro, in Yucatan, in which one soldier was killed and several slightly wounded. The Indians were driven back to the hills, taking with them their dead and wounded.

STOCK MARKET IRREGULAR.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Professional limitations in the current stock market will restrict the swing of prices to a comparatively narrow range. The difficulty of carrying the advance further is becoming more manifest before the operations concluded yesterday, and the reaction natural under the circumstances followed today. The condition underlying the market is clearly one of neglect and of waiting for a clearer light on the situation. The investment demand for bonds continues to be excellent. Bonds were irregular.

◆ THE METAL MARKET. ◆
◆ NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Lead, ◆
◆ dull, 4.10 @ 4.15; copper, dull, ◆
◆ 13.625 @ 13.875; silver, 52. ◆

GOVERNOR TO ASK RECONSIDERATION OF JAPANESE BILL

(By Associated Press.)

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 4.—Governor Gillett is preparing a message tonight to be sent to the assembly tomorrow morning, asking that body to reconsider the vote by which it passed today the bill compelling Japanese children to attend separate schools. The action of the governor is a result of a message from the president appealing to him to devise some means of blocking the measure in the legislature. The governor's message to the assembly tomorrow will be a strong appeal to the members to stand by the administration and will deal with the question of treaties with Japan and other nations.

ATTELL DEFEATS KELLY IN THE SEVENTH ROUND

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—Abe Attell defeated Eddie Kelly tonight in the seventh round of a ten-round bout. Honors were well divided until the sixth round, when Attell made a vicious attack and Kelly's seconds threw up the sponge in the seventh round.

Get your job work at the Bonanza.

RAVING, CARRIED 180 MILES IN A TROPICAL JUNGLE

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Raving with the delirium of tropical fever and helpless from almost complete loss of strength, S. E. Snoko, an electric engineer from Bishop Creek, California, was carried in boats through 180 miles of South American jungle that he might have a fighting chance for life in the bracing air of the seacoast.

Snoko arrived here yesterday from Georgetown, British Guiana and declared himself lucky to be alive after his experience. He left here three months ago with a commission to superintend the erection of a power plant on mining property owned by Gaylord Wilshire on the Little Aramo river in the interior of British Guiana. This property, although 180 miles from the coast, is scarcely 200 feet above the sea level, and is in the midst of a dense, swampy jungle. Access is had only by boat up a network of narrow rivers, and the last twenty-five miles to the camp are along the Little Aramo, a small stream choked by a network of fallen logs and trees. Through this tangle is hewn a passage hardly a yard wide, and all freight and humans are carried in rude, flat-bottomed boats.

Lying on a cot and delirious most of the time he was poled in a boat through the first part of the journey. Then came miles of paddling in a canoe, then a four-mile drive in a springless mule wagon around a waterfall; then more paddling and finally the last lap of the trip aboard a small steamer down the Essequibo river. By the time he got to Georgetown Snoko's life was on the verge of flickering out, but the salt air of the Atlantic helped him to shake off the malaria and he quickly recovered. He will leave soon for California to resume his position with the Mono Power company at Bishop Creek.

HINDUS FATALLY INJURED IN A PITCH BATTLE

MARYSVILLE, Feb. 4.—In a battle between fifty-five Hindus and thirty-five Greeks this afternoon on the Northern Electric road, three Hindus were fatally injured and three Greeks slightly hurt. The trouble started over the possession of a rain coat.

Advertise in the Daily Bonanza.

JAPANESE BILL CAUSES SURPRISE IN WASHINGTON

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The news of the passage by the California assembly today, of the bill providing for the segregating of Japanese school children, was received in official circles here with surprise and consternation. Gillett's telegraphic reply to the president was not made public tonight. Senator Perkins of California, tonight, asserted his belief that the right should be given the school authorities of that state to furnish separate schools for the Japanese. Senator Flint said his views on the school question were similar to those expressed by Perkins.

WANT CHINESE EXCLUSION ACT LEFT AS IT IS

(By Associated Press.)

SALEM (Or.), Feb. 4.—In a memorial to congress introduced in the senate today, congress is urged not to abrogate the present Chinese exclusion law in favor of general laws, as it is said had been suggested. The resolution also asks that the present exclusion law be broadened so as to include all Asiatics, including Japanese and Hindus.

COUNT VON BERNSTORFF GIVEN GREAT WELCOME

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Count Johann H. von Bernstorff, the German ambassador to the United States, received a gracious welcome at the hands of a large gathering tonight at the Manhattan club, where the New York Staats Zeitung tendered him a dinner at which Herman Ridder presided.

"LUCKY" BALDWIN WORSE.

(By Associated Press.)

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 4.—The condition of E. J. Baldwin ("Lucky") became worse at an early hour tonight, and grave fears are felt for his recovery. Tonight he is unconscious.

COUNTY PRINTING.

The Tonopah Miner was awarded the contract for the county printing today for 1909 for \$9 per month. We are glad of it. The Rhyolite Herald cannot now say that the people's money is being squandered. The Rhyolite papers had bids in for \$1000 and \$480.

NEWTON MURDER CASE BEING HEARD IN DISTRICT COURT

The trial of Fred Newton, charged with the murder of Frank Ciciliani at Round Mountain last October, occupied the attention of the district court yesterday, and will probably go to the jury today. The state at the time court adjourned last night had finished its case and this morning the examining of witnesses for the defense will be started. About nine witnesses were examined, but no startling testimony was divulged. The defense has only a few witnesses and the arguments should be completed before noon. Newton will probably be acquitted.

BASKETBALL TEAM IN NIGHTLY PRACTICE

Members of the Tonopah Basketball club are practicing nightly for their game with the Goldfield high school on Saturday night at the Nevada theater, and will be in the best of condition to keep the championship belt in Tonopah. The management of the Nevada theater has assured the public that the building will be comfortably heated on this evening and everything done for the comfort of those who attend. Extra seats will be installed as the attendance bids fair to excel that of games in the past.

Anti-Japanese Measure Will Be Amended

(By Associated Press.)

CARSON, Feb. 4.—The anti-Japanese resolution, which caused so much comment in the Nevada legislature and which passed the assembly yesterday, came to the senate this morning. That measure will either be amended further, or reported on unfavorably, is shown from the fact that instead of being referred to the committee on federal relations, it went to the judiciary committee. It is the common belief that the resolution will be reported

on unfavorably, which would put it out of commission. In the assembly several local measures were introduced, the bill licensing automobiles being among the bills. Nevada up to the present time is without any automobile laws. The senate also passed a bill allowing the state engineer more latitude in his office in fixing the fees for application for power rights and irrigation apportionments. The engineer's salary is also raised \$1000 a year. The senate adjourned until tomorrow morning.